DECKLIST Routine for CDC 3300/OS-3 Version 2.0

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The purpose of DECKLIST is to print the symbolic information in relocatable binary decks, including: (1) the subprogram name on an IDC card; (2) the entry point names on EPT cards; (3) the external names on XNL cards; (4) the transfer symbol, if any, on a TRA card; and (5) the Hollerith information on EXS cards.

DECKLIST checks to see that each deck begins with an IDC card and ends with a TRA card, and prints error messages if this is not the case. It also treats BCD cards as errors and prints them. At the end of a set of decks, it prints a message telling whether the set was terminated by a file mark or by end-of-data. Finally, it prints a message telling how many binary records were read, and how many errors were detected.

DECKLIST is stored in an OS-3 public file under the name *DECKLIST. It may be used by any OS-3 user, either in a batch job, or from a teletype. There are two parameters for DECKLIST. One may specify the input unit (I) and the list unit (L). If the I parameter is omitted, unit 60 is used for input. If the L parameter is omitted, unit 61 is used for the listing. The parameters are expressed in the form:

I=(lun), L=(lun), or I=(name), L=(lun).

(lun) may be any integer from 0 to 99, specifying the logical unit number to be used. (name) is the name of a saved file. Either or both parameters may be omitted, and they may be

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expressed in either order. When DECKLIST is used at a teletype, at least one of the parameters must be specified.

Also, the backslash (\(\)) can be used to correct typing errors.

DECKLIST operates as follows:

- 1. DECKLIST processes the parameters on the control card or the control statement that called DECKLIST. If there are no parameters, and DECKLIST is being used from a teletype, a message is printed, telling the user to type in the parameters.
- 2. If a name was specified as the input unit, DECKLIST equips unit 59 to the name.
- 3. A heading is printed on the specified list unit, including the date and time.
- 4. If the input unit number is in the range 50 to 59, the input unit is rewound. Otherwise, it is left as is.
- 5. DECKLIST begins reading records from the input unit and printing a listing on the list unit. IDC, EPT, XNL, TRA, and EXS cards are recognized, and for each such card, the name of the card (IDC, EPT, etc.) is printed together with the symbolic information on that card. DECKLIST also recognizes binary cards with a "word count" of 70₈, which contain symbol table output from COMPASS and FORTRAN, for use by RADAR. A set of such cards with the same subprogram name causes one message to be printed, of the form "SYMCARDS FOR

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xxxxxxxx". Other binary cards are counted, but produce no output unless they occur between decks, in which case an error message is printed. (EXS and SYMCARDS may occur between decks without causing an error message.) BCD cards are considered to be errors and are printed along with an error message.

6. When DECKLIST reads a file mark or comes to the end of data on its input unit, it prints a message telling which of these conditions occurred. Then it prints a message telling how many binary records were read. Finally, if there were any errors, DECKLIST prints a message telling how many errors were found. If DECKLIST is being used from a teletype, and the list unit is not the teletype, these last two messages are also printed on the teletype. Then DECKLIST terminates.

Examples of Use of DECKLIST

1. To use DECKLIST in a batch job to read subprogram decks from unit 56, printing a listing on the standard output unit (61):

7 8*DECKLIST, I=56

2. To use DECKLIST in a batch job, with binary decks to be read from unit 60, list on unit 61:

7 8*DECKLIST [binary decks to be listed]

77 88 [end of file card]

3. To use DECKLIST from a teletype, reading decks from unit 99, printing listing on unit 5. (Outputs from the computer are underlined.)

#*DECKLIST, I=99,L=5

294 BINARY RECORDS READ.

3 ERRORS.

#

The control statement (# ...) is ended by return (the computer outputs line feed).

Note: The listing printed by DECKLIST is "narrow" enough to fit on a teletype, so one can have the listing printed on the teletype if it isn't too long.

Error Messages

There are 5 kinds of errors detected by DECKLIST.

PARAMETER ERROR

If DECKLIST cannot interpret
the parameters, this message
is printed and DECKLIST terminates.

INPUT UNIT IS BUSY

OR NON-EXISTENT

If a name is used as input unit

and there is no such unit or the unit is busy, this message is printed and DECKLIST terminates.

BCD CARD [contents

of card]

BCD cards cause this message to be printed, and processing continues.

MISSING IDC CARD

The first binary card, or the first one after a TRA card, is not an IDC card. The message is printed, and DECKLIST continues processing the input, as if an IDC card had appeared.

MISSING TRA CARD

An IDC card has been read, and there was no TRA card at the end of the preceding deck.

DECKLIST continues processing the input.

Note: Normally, each deck starts with an IDC card and ends with a TRA card. The only binary cards which can legally occur between a TRA card and the next IDC card are EXS cards and SYMCARDS.